

FÓRMULAS PARA EL CÁLCULO DE CANALES

✓ Ecuación de Chezy:

$$v = C\sqrt{RI}$$

Formulas de: Bazin:

$$C = \frac{87}{1 + \frac{\gamma}{\sqrt{R}}}$$

(Ver valores de γ y n en prontuario)

Manning

$$C = \frac{R^{1/6}}{n} \quad v = \frac{1}{n} R^{2/3} \sqrt{I}$$

$$S = \frac{V}{Q} = \frac{Q \cdot n}{R^{2/3} I^{1/2}}$$

Ganguillet-Kutter

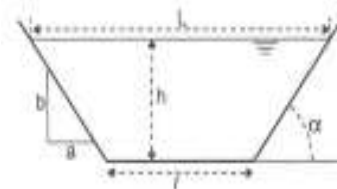
$$C = \frac{23 + \frac{1}{n} + \frac{0,00155}{I}}{1 + \left(23 + \frac{0,00155}{I}\right) \frac{n}{\sqrt{R}}}$$

✓ **Sección trapezoidal**

$$L = l + 2 \cdot h \cdot \cot \alpha$$

$$S = \frac{L+l}{2} h = \frac{2l + 2 \cdot h \cdot \cot \alpha}{2} h = h(l + h \cdot \cot \alpha)$$

$$c = l + \frac{2h}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}$$



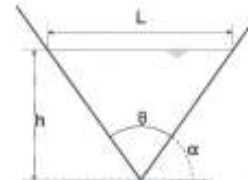
Óptima: ($\alpha = 60^\circ$)

$$S = \frac{2 - \cos \alpha}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha} h^2; \quad h = \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{sen} \alpha \cdot S}{2 - \cos \alpha}}; \quad c = 2h \frac{2 - \cos \alpha}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}; \quad R = \frac{h}{2}; \quad l = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha} 2h; \quad L = \frac{2h}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}$$

✓ **Sección triangular**

$$L = 2h \tan \frac{\theta}{2}; \quad S = h^2 \tan \frac{\theta}{2}; \quad c = \frac{2h}{\cos \frac{\theta}{2}}; \quad R = \frac{h}{2} \operatorname{sen} \frac{\theta}{2}$$

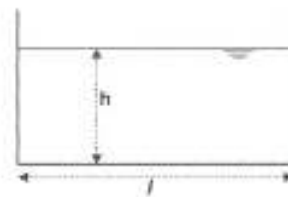
Óptima para $\theta = 90^\circ$



✓ **Sección rectangular**

$$c = l + 2h; \quad R = \frac{l \cdot h}{l + 2h}$$

En la sección óptima, $l = 2h$



✓ **Sección circular**

$$L = 2r \cdot \operatorname{sen} \frac{\theta}{2}; \quad S = \frac{1}{2} r^2 (\theta - \operatorname{sen} \theta) (*)$$

$$h = r - r \cos \frac{\theta}{2}; \quad c = r\theta; \quad R = \frac{1}{2} r \left(1 - \frac{\operatorname{sen} \theta}{\theta}\right) (*)$$

(*) Ángulos en radianes

